Target	Triple Physics Tick List		
P1 Ener	gy		
1.	Describe infrared radiation		
2.	Describe what happens to an object if it absorbs more radiation than it emits-		
	link to the Earth.		
P2 Elect	ricity		
3.	Describe how static electricity is produced and describe the effects of attraction		
	and repulsion		
4.	Draw the electric field pattern for an isolated sphere		
5.	Explain the concept of an electric field and use it to explain the non-contact force		
	between changed objects and sparking		
P3 Parti	cle Model of Matter		
6.	Describe the effect of pressure changes in a gas		
7.	Describe how changing volume effects the pressure in a gas		
8.	Calculate the change in pressure of a gas or the volume of a gas		
9.	Define work and describe the effect of doing work on a gas		
P4 Radia	ation		
10.	Describe what background radiation is and where it comes from		
11.	Explain why the hazards associated with radioactive material depend on its half		
	life		
12.	Describe and evaluate the use of nuclear radiation in medicine		
13.	Describe the process of nuclear fission and draw and interpret diagrams		
14.	Describe what nuclear fusion is		

P5 For	rces			
	Moments			
1.	Describe what a moment is			
2.	Recall and rearrange the equation to calculate a moment and identify its units			
3.	Explain the principle of moments			
4.	Calculate the weight of an object using $M = F \times d$ and the idea of balanced moments			
5.	Describe what a simple lever is and can be used for			
6.	Describe what a simple gear system is and can be used for			
	Momentum			
7.	Use the momentum equation and the conservation equation to complete calculations for an			
	event, such as a collision of two objects			
8.	Describe how we can calculate the force in a collision			
9.	Use and rearrange the equation given on the physics sheet to calculate the change in			
10	momentum and/or an impact force Explain, in terms of rate of change of momentum, safety feature such as air bags and seat			
10.	belts in cars, crash mats and cushioned surfaces in playgrounds and cycle helmets			
P6 Wa				-
<u>10 ma</u>				
11	Describe the effect of amplitude and frequency on a sound wave			-
	Construct ray diagrams to show the refraction of a wave at the boundary between two			
12.	different mediums			
13.	Describe the different types of seismic waves and how they can be used inform about the			
	structure of the Earth			
14.	Describe the uses of ultrasound			
15.	Calculate the distance travelled by a wave using the speed of ultrasound equation			
	Visible Light			
16.	Describe the order of light in the visible light spectrum including their wavelengths in nm (red,			
	blue & green)			
17.				
18.				
19.				
20. 21.	Describe why an opaque object has a specific colour, in terms of absorption/reflection of light Describe how a lens works to form an image			
21.				
22.				
23.				
25.				
	Black Body Radiation	1	1	-
26.				
	given time			
27.	Describe what a perfect black body is in terms of absorption and emission of radiation			
	Compare the rate of absorption and emission of a body at constant temperature			
29.	Link radiation absorption and emission to the temperature of the Earth's surface and			
	atmosphere			
<u>P7 Mag</u>	gnetism & Electromagnetism			
30.	Interpret a diagram of an electromagnet to explain how it works.			
31.				
32.	Use and rearrange the equation to calculate magnetic flux density and identify the units			
	(GIVEN on sheet) Describe what an electric motor is			──
33. 34.				──
54.	electric motor			
35.				
	Describe what the generator effect is			1
	Identify the factors which effect the size and direction of the induced potential			1
	difference/induced current			

38.	Explain how the generator effect is used in an alternator to generate ac and in a dynamo to generate dc	
39.	Draw & interpret graphs of potential difference generated in the coil against time	
	Explain how a moving-coil microphone is used to convert pressure variations in a sound wave into current in electrical circuits.	
41.	Describe and explain the structure of a basic transformer	
	Describe how a step-up and step-down transformer works, in terms of number of turns & potential difference in both primary and secondary coils	
43.	Use and rearrange the equation to calculate the potential difference or number of turns across a primary or secondary coil of a transformer (GIVEN on sheet)	
	Use and rearrange the equation to calculate the current and/or the potential difference across a primary or secondary coil of a transformer (GIVEN on sheet)	
45.	Link the power input, power output, current and potential difference to explain the benefits of power transmission at high potential differences	
	Space	
46.	Describe the life cycle of a star the same size as the Sun	
47.	Describe the life cycle of a star much more massive than the Sun	
48.	Describe what a nebula	
49.	Explain how a protostar is formed	
50.	Explain, in terms forces, why a main sequence star is in equilibrium.	
51.	Explain how fusion reactions lead to formation of new elements	
52.	Describe and explain red shift	
53.	Explain how red-shift is evidence for the Big Bang model	
	Pressure	
54	Describe how pressure in fluids causes a force normal (at right angles) to any surface	
55.	Recall, rearrange and use the equation that links pressure, force and area.	
	Explain why the pressure increases with the height of a column and the density of a liquid	
	Explain what causes upthrust, in terms of pressure on a submerged object	
58.	Use and rearrange the equation that links pressure, height of a column, density and gravitational field strength (GIVEN ON EQUATION SHEET)	
	Describe the factors which influence floating and sinking	
	Describe a simple model of the Earth's atmosphere and of atmospheric pressure	
61.	Explain why atmospheric pressure varies with height above a surface	